out-of-tree

unknown

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out-of-tree is the kernel {module, exploit} development tool.

out-of-tree was created on the purpose of decreasing complexity of environment for developing, testing and debugging Linux kernel exploits and out-of-tree kernel modules (that's why tool got a name "out-of-tree").

While I'm trying to keep that documentation up-to-date, there may be some missing information. Use out-of-tree --help-long for checking all features.

If you found anything missed here, please make a pull request or send patches to patch@dumpstack.io.

If you need personal support, your company is interested in the project or you just want to share some thoughts – feel free to write to root@dumpstack.io.

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1.1 Introduction

out-of-tree is written in Go, it uses Docker for generating kernel/filesystem images and Qemu for virtualization.

Also it possible to generate kernels from the host system and use the custom one.

out-of-tree supports *GNU/Linux* (usually it's tested on NixOS and latest Ubuntu LTS) and *macOS*. Technically all systems that supported by Go, Docker, and Qemu must work well. Create the issue if you'll notice any issue in integration for your operating system.

All Qemu interaction is stateless.

out-of-tree is allow and require metadata (.out-of-tree.toml) for work. TOML (Tom's Obvious, Minimal Language) is used for kernel module/exploit description.

.out-of-tree.toml is mandatory, you need to have in the current directory (usually, it's a project of kernel module/exploit) or use the --path flag.

1.1.1 Files

All data is stored in ~/.out-of-tree/.

- *db.sqlite* contains logs related to run with out-of-tree pew, debug mode (out-of-tree debug) is not store any data.
- *images* used for filesystem images (rootfs images that used for qemu -hda ...) that can be generated with the tools/qemu-*-img/....
- *kernels* stores all kernel vmlinuz/initrd/config/... files that generated previously with a some *Docker magic*.
- kernels.toml contains metadata for generated kernels. It's not supposed to be edited by hands.
- kernels.user.toml is default path for custom kernels definition.
- *Ubuntu* (or *Centos/Debian/...*) is the Dockerfiles tree (DistroName/DistroVersion/Dockerfile). Each Dockerfile contains a base layer and incrementally updated list of kernels that must be installed.

1.1.2 Overview

out-of-tree creating debugging environment based on defined kernels:

```
$ out-of-tree debug --kernel 'Ubuntu:4.15.0-58-generic'
[*] KASLR SMEP SMAP
[*] gdb is listening on tcp::1234
[*] build result copied to /tmp/exploit
ssh -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -p 29308 root@127.133.45.236
gdb /usr/lib/debug/boot/vmlinux-4.15.0-58-generic -ex 'target remote tcp::1234'
out-of-tree> help
help
       : print this help message
        : print qemu log
log
     : print qemu log and cleanup buffer
cleanup : cleanup qemu log buffer
        : print arguments to ssh command
        : quit
quit
out-of-tree>
```

out-of-tree uses three stages for automated runs:

- · Build
 - Inside the docker container (default).
 - Binary version (de facto skip stage).
 - On host.
- Run
 - Insmod for the kernel module.
 - This step is skipped for exploits.
- Test
 - Run the test.sh script on the target machine.
 - Test script is run from *root* for the kernel module.
 - Test script is run from *user* for the kernel exploit.
 - Test script for the kernel module is fully custom (only return value is checked).
 - Test script for the kernel exploit receives two parameters:
 - * Path to exploit
 - * Path to file that must be created with root privileges.
 - If there's no test.sh script then default (echo touch FILE | exploit) one is used.

1.1.3 Security

out-of-tree is not supposed to be used on multi-user systems or with an untrusted input.

Meanwhile, all modern hypervisors are supporting nested virtualization, which means you can use it for isolating *out-of-tree* if you want to work with an untrusted input (e.g. with a mass-scale testing public proofs-of-concept).

1.2 Installation (from source)

1.3 OS/Distro-specific

1.3.1 **Ubuntu**

Install dependencies:

```
$ sudo snap install go --classic
$ # Install docker: https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/ubuntu/
$ sudo apt install qemu-system-x86 build-essential gdb
```

1.3.2 macOS

Install dependencies:

```
$ brew install go qemu
$ brew cask install docker
```

1.3.3 NixOS

There's a minimal configuration that you need to apply:

```
#!nix
{ config, pkgs, ... }:
{
  virtualisation.docker.enable = true;
  virtualisation.libvirtd.enable = true;
  environment.systemPackages = with pkgs; [
    go git
  ];
}
```

1.3.4 Gentoo

Install dependencies:

```
$ sudo emerge app-emulation/qemu app-emulation/docker dev-lang/go
```

1.3.5 Fedora

Install dependencies:

```
$ sudo dnf install go qemu moby-engine
```

1.4 Common

Setup environment:

```
$ echo 'export PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin' >> ~/.bashrc
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

Build out-of-tree:

```
$ git clone https://code.dumpstack.io/tools/out-of-tree
$ cd out-of-tree
$ CGO_ENABLED=1 go build -o ~/bin/out-of-tree
```

Note: On a GNU/Linux you need to add your user to docker group if you want to use *out-of-tree* without sudo. Note that this has a **serious** security implications. Check *Docker* documentation for more information.

Test that everything works:

```
$ cd out-of-tree/examples/kernel-exploit
$ out-of-tree kernel autogen --max=1
$ out-of-tree pew --max=1
```

Enjoy!